EATING FOR HEART HEALTH

CLASS OUTLINE

- Dietary fats
- Sugar
- Fibre
- Sodium (salt)
- Processed foods
- Label reading
- Putting it all together

FALSE

I must avoid my favourite foods to keep my cholesterol in range.

LOWERING CHOLESTEROL: TYPES OF FATS

DIETARY FATS

- Provide energy to the body
- Help absorb nutrients from food
- Give flavour to food
- Make you feel full (increase satiety)

Type versus **amount** of fat is important

Dietary Fats

Unsaturated Fats

Polyunsaturated & Monounsaturated

Increase HDL (good cholesterol) & Decrease LDL (bad cholesterol)

Saturated Fats

Increase HDL (good cholesterol) & Increase LDL (bad cholesterol)

HEALTHY FATS: UNSATURATED

(Polyunsaturated & Monounsaturated)



SOURCES OF UNSATURATED FATS

- Plant & vegetable oils
 - Olive, canola, sunflower, soybean, peanut oils
- Non-hydrogenated margarine
- Avocado (fruit or oil)
- Nuts & seeds
- Flaxseed
- Fatty fish
 - Salmon, mackerel, trout, sardines

OMEGA-3 FATS

- A specific type of unsaturated fat
- Helps prevent blood from sticking & clotting
- Lowers triglycerides
- Fatty fish (salmon, mackerel, trout, sardines)
- Small amount in walnuts and ground flaxseed
- Supplements may <u>not</u> reduce heart disease risk
 - Focus on food sources of omega-3

WAYS TO INCLUDE OMEGA-3 FATS







LIMIT: SATURATED FATS



SOURCES OF SATURATED FATS

- Meats
 - Visible fat, chicken skin, marbling in steak
- Processed meat
 - Deli meat, sausage, bacon, pepperoni, hot dogs
- Dairy
 - Cheese, butter, cream, ice cream
- Coconut and palm oils
 - Coconut milk, chocolate, store-bought baked goods & pastries

SOURCES OF SATURATED FATS

Where does most of the saturated fat come from in the typical Canadian diet?

- a. Meat
- b. Butter and dairy fat
- c. Pre-prepared and processed foods

SOURCES OF SATURATED FATS

c. Pre-prepared and processed foods

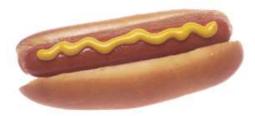
- Store-bought baked goods, pastries, cookies, cake
- Ice cream
- Pizza
- Processed meats (deli meat, sausage, hot dogs)
- Fast food & most other restaurant foods











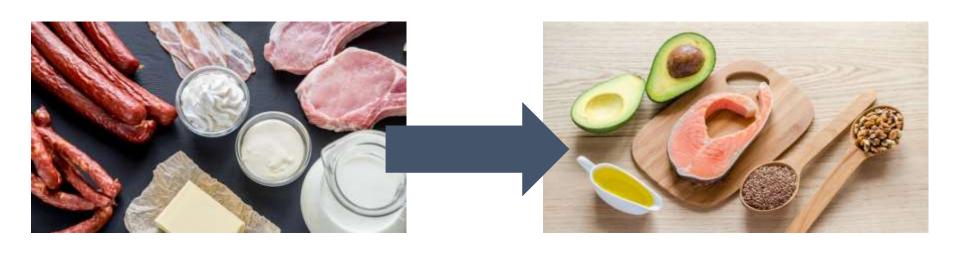
HIGHLY PROCESSED FOODS



- Major sources of saturated fat, sodium & sugar
- Eating a lot of highly processed foods increases your risk of heart disease and stroke
- Refer to handout: How to Balance a Meal

SUBSTITUTE TYPES OF FAT

"Low fat" or "Fat free" processed foods: Not necessarily healthy



Replace saturated fats with unsaturated fats to improve cholesterol levels and lower heart disease risk

SUBSTITUTE TYPES OF FAT

- When cooking & baking, use olive, canola or peanut oils instead of butter
- Snack on roasted, unsalted nuts instead of crackers & cheese
- Instead of butter on toast, add peanut butter or avocado
- Snack on air-popped instead of microwave popcorn
- Skip the baked goods at coffee break and enjoy fruit instead

WHAT ABOUT TRANS FATS?

- Food manufacturers are no longer allowed to add trans fats to foods in Canada
- Small amounts of trans fats occur naturally in some foods
- We don't know how naturally occurring trans fats affect our health

FALSE

Butter is healthier than margarine because it's more natural

LOWERING TRIGLYCERIDES: LIMIT ALCOHOL & SUGAR

ALCOHOL: MAXIMUM RECOMMENDED

- Men: 2-3 drinks per day (total 15 per week)
- Women: 1-2 drinks per day (total 10 per week)
- When moderation may be too much
 - Avoid alcohol most of the time if you have fatty liver or high triglycerides



LIMIT: SUGARS

- High sugar foods raise triglycerides and increase risk of heart disease & stroke
- Consider how often you enjoy desserts, ice cream, muffins/pastries, candy, chocolate, or sugary cereal











LIMIT: SUGARS

- Drink water or milk instead of pop, iced tea & juice
 - Eat your fruit, rather than drink it
- Also consider foods with high levels of natural sugars
 - Honey, maple syrup, raw sugar = the same as white sugar









LOWERING CHOLESTEROL & TRIGLYCERIDES: INCREASE FIBRE

DIETARY FIBRE



- Found in plant foods only
- The part of plants that we don't digest
- Lowers LDL (bad cholesterol)
- Lowers blood sugar
- Improves bowel health
- Helps you feel full (satiety)

DIETARY FIBRE

- Two types: soluble fibre & insoluble fibre
 - Both are healthy
- Daily recommended intake:
 - 25-38 grams/day of total fibre (soluble + insoluble)

WAYS TO INCREASE FIBRE















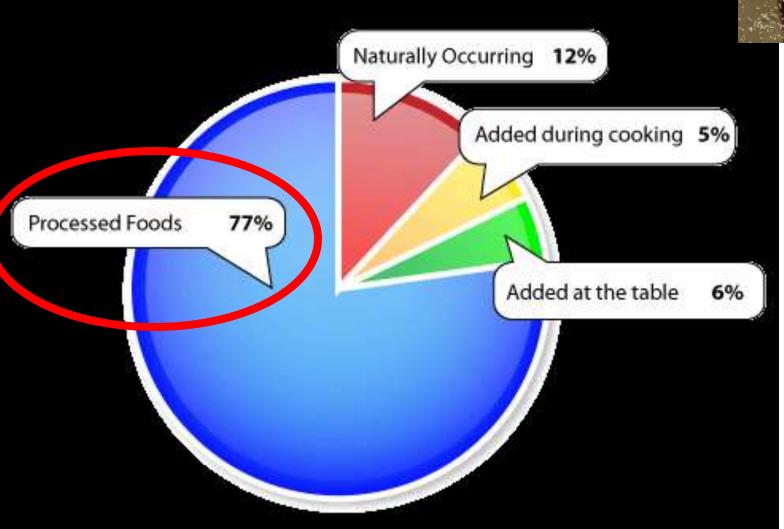


LOWERING BLOOD PRESSURE: LIMIT SALT (SODIUM)

SODIUM (SALT)

- A mineral that is essential for health
- High salt intake can raise blood pressure
- Most Canadians eat way too much salt
- Sea salt, rock salt, Himalayan pink salt:
 Not healthier than table salt

SODIUM – WHERE IS IT?





HIGHLY PROCESSED FOODS



HOW TO ADD FLAVOUR WITHOUT SALT





Talk to your doctor before using salt substitutes (e.g. Half Salt, No Salt)



WAYS TO REDUCE SODIUM INTAKE











Limit sodium intake to max 2300 mg per day

LABEL READING



Nutrition Facts Valeur nutritive

Per 6 cm piece (100 g)

2 1/2" piece (1/10th of sausage ring)

% Daily Value % valeur quotidienne		
20.0 g	31	%
aturés 8.0 g	38 %	%
ns 0.0		Africa 15
Cholestérol 55	mg	
lium 1000 mg	42	%
Carbohydrate / Glucides 5 g		%
s 0 g	0	%
cres 1 g		
éines 12 g		
amine A	0	%
amine C	0	%
cium	2	%
	4	%
	% valeur quot ories 250 20.0 g aturés 8.0 g ns 0.0 Cholestérol 55 lium 1000 mg e / Glucides 5 g s 0 g cres 1 g éines 12 g amine A amine C	% valeur quotidien ories 250 20.0 g 31 aturés 8.0 g 38 ns 0.0 Cholestérol 55 mg lium 1000 mg 42 e / Glucides 5 g 2 s 0 g 0 cres 1 g éines 12 g amine A 0 amine C 0 cium 2

LABEL READING

Nutrition Facts Valeur nutritive

Per 6 cm piece (100 g)
2 ½" piece (1/10th of sausage ring)

Amount	% Daily	/ Val	lue
Teneur	% valeur quotidienne		
Calories / Ca	lories 250		
Fat / Lipides	20.0 g	31	%
Saturated /	saturés 8.0 g	38	%
+ Trans / tra	ins 0.0		
Cholesterol /	Cholestérol 55	mg	
Sodium / So	dium 1000 mg	42	%
Carbohydrate / Glucides 5 g		2	%
Fibre / Fibre	s 0 g	0	%
Sugars / Su	cres 1 g		
Protein / Pro	téines 12 g		
Vitamin A / Vi	tamine A	0	%
Vitamin C / Vitamine C		0	%
Calcium / Cal	cium	2	%
Iron / Fer		4	%

Look at the serving size
 Compare to your <u>actual intake</u>

LABEL READING



Look at the serving size
 Compare to your <u>actual intake</u>

- 2) Look at the % daily value (% DV) Focus on:
 - Sodium (limit)
 - Saturated fat (limit)
 - Fibre (eat more)



Nutrition Facts Valeur nutritive

Per 6 cm piece (100 g)
2 ½" piece (1/10th of sausage ring)

Amount	% Daily Value % valeur quotidienne	
Teneur		
Calories / Cal	ories 250	
Fat / Lipides 2	20.0 g	31 %
Saturated / s + Trans / tran		38 %
Cholesterol /	Cholestérol 5	5 ma
Sodium / Sod	ium 1000 mg	42 %
Carbohydrate / Glucides 5 g		2 %
Fibre / Fibres	s 0 g	0 %
Sugars / Suc	res 1 g	
Protein / Prot	éines 12 g	
Vitamin A / Vita	amine A	0 %
Vitamin C / Vit	amine C	0 %
Calcium / Calc	cium	2 %
Iron / Fer		4 %

a) Sodium

- Aim for 15% DV or less (the lower, the better)
- Remember the serving size
- If you eat a 5-inch piece of sausage= 2 servings

42% DV of sodium per serving x 2 servings

84% daily value of sodium (actual intake)

Nutrition Facts Valeur nutritive

Per 6 cm piece (100 g)

2 ½" piece (1/10th of sausage ring)

Amount	% Daily Value	
Teneur	% valeur quotidienne	
alories / C	alories 250	

Fat / Lipides 20.0 g	31 %
Saturated / saturés 8.0 g	31 %
+ Trans / trans 0.0	

Cholesterol / Cholesterol 55 mg		
Sodium / Sodium 1000 mg	42	%
Carbohydrate / Glucides 5 g	2	%
Fibre / Fibres 0 g	0	%
Sugars / Sucres 1 g		
Protein / Protéines 12 g		
Vitamin A / Vitamine A	0	%
Vitamin C / Vitamine C	0	%
Calcium / Calcium	2	%
Iron / For		

b) Saturated Fat

- Total fat content is <u>not</u> very important
- Total fat = unsaturated + saturated + + trans fats)

- **Saturated fat** is a better indicator of the food's overall nutrition quality
- Aim for saturated fat of 15% DV or less (the lower, the better)

Nutrition Facts Valeur nutritive Per 6 cm piece (100 g) 2 ½" piece (1/10th of sausage ring) % Daily Value Amount % valeur quotidienne Teneur Calories / Calories 250 Fat / Lipides 20.0 g 31 % Saturated / saturés 8.0 g 38 % + Trans / trans 0.0 Cholesterol / Cholestérol 55 mg Sodium / Sodium 1000 ma 42 % Carbohydrate / Glucides 5 g 2 % Fibre / Fibres 0 a 0 % Sugars / Sucres 1 g Protein / Protéines 12 q Vitamin A / Vitamine A 0 % Vitamin C / Vitamine C 0 % Calcium / Calcium 2 % Iron / Fer 4 %

c) Dietary Cholesterol

- Cholesterol in food has <u>very little</u> effect on blood cholesterol levels
- Saturated fat is a better indicator of the food's overall nutrition quality

Nutrition Facts Valeur nutritive Per 6 cm piece (100 g) 2 ½" piece (1/10th of sausage ring) % Daily Value Amount Teneur % valeur quotidienne Calories / Calories 250 31 % Fat / Lipides 20.0 q Saturated / saturés 8.0 g 38 % + Trans / trans 0.0 Cholesterol / Cholestérol 55 mg Sodium / Sodium 1000 ma 42 % Carbohydrate / Glucides 5 g 2 % Fibre / Fibres 0 g 0 % Sugars / Sucres 1 g Protein / Protéines 12 q Vitamin A / Vitamine A 0 % Vitamin C / Vitamine C 0 % Calcium / Calcium 2 %

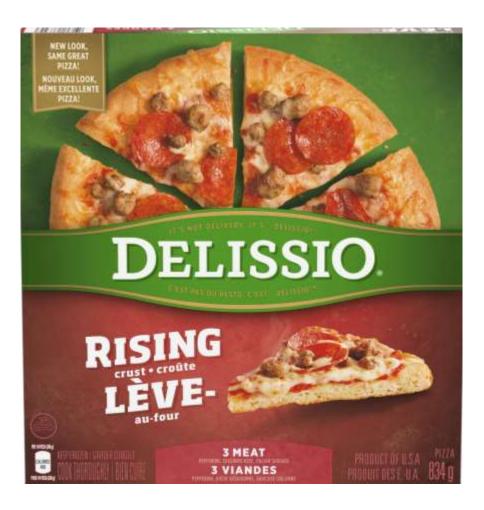
4 %

Iron / Fer

d) Fibre

 Aim for 15% DV or more (the higher, the better)

COMPARING FOODS





COMPARING FOODS



COMPARING FOODS





- 1) Serving size
- 2) Saturated fat
- 3) Sodium
- 4) Fibre

TAKE HOME POINT: THE OVERALL PATTERN IS WHAT MATTERS MOST!



BALANCED MEALS: HEALTHY PLATE METHOD

Benefits to using the Plate Method:

- Healthy,
 balanced meals
- Portion control
- Increase fullness& satiety

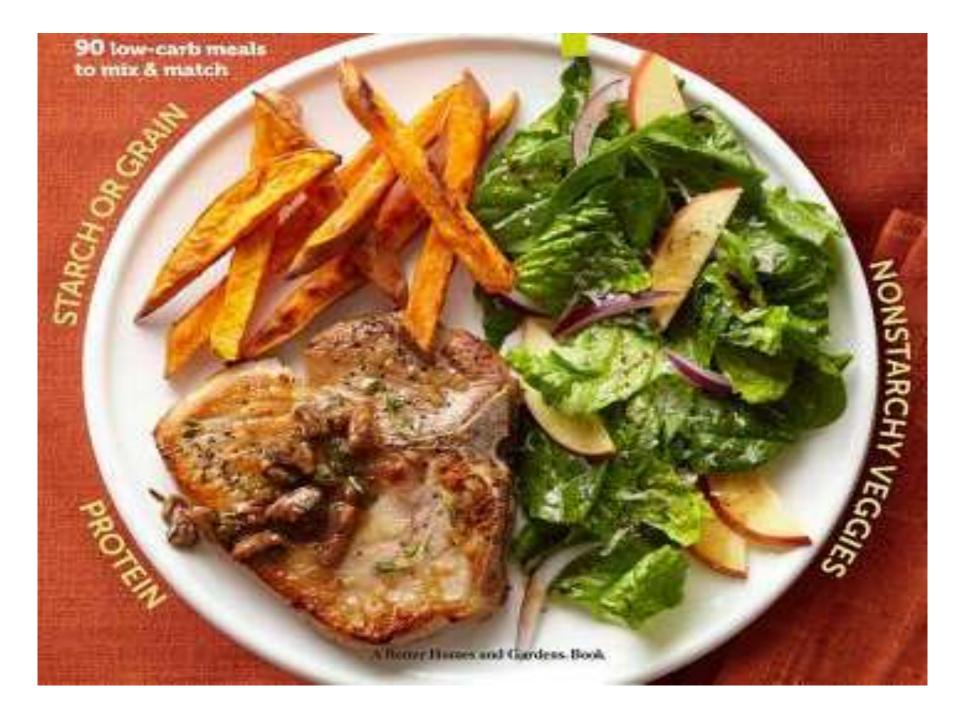












FOR MORE INFORMATION

- Heart & Stroke Foundation
 - Delicious recipes & nutrition information www.heartandstroke.ca
- Unlock Food
 - Dietitian-approved meal plans & nutrition information www.unlockfood.ca
- Other health education classes, including Physical Activity Essentials & Preparing for Success www.wrha.mb.ca/groups

FOR GENERAL NUTRITION QUESTIONS



1-877-830-2892 Call 204-788-8248 in Winnipeg

NEED MORE SUPPORT?

Meet with a Registered Dietitian (optional)

Do you have private health insurance? Find a private practice dietitian here: www.CollegeOfDietitiansMB.ca/find-a-dietitian/private-practice

If you don't have insurance, you may still be able to see a dietitian. Visit www.wrha.mb.ca/nutrition and select *Find A Dietitian*

Any questions?

Use the chat function or un-mute your microphone

Please complete an evaluation